caution and not taking this Resolution to its logical conclusion and imposing a war-like situation over the world.

SHRI MOHAMMAD YUNUS SALEEM (Katihar): I want to support this point raised by Mr. Shahabuddin Syed. (*Interruptions*) You know that I very seldom request for time. Now this is such an important matter that I want to say something.

Whatever Mr. Shahabuddin Syed has said and a very important question that he has raised goes to the root of our foreign policy. We have been claiming to be a Non-Aligned country. Whatever has happened in UNO, India, as has been rightly pointed out by Mr. Shahabuddin Syed, should have voted against this Resolution, which is a conspiracy of Big Power, Western Power against the Arab countries and Muslim countries.

The first target was Saddam Hussein. How the second target is Libya; and I do not know which is going to be the third target. The sanction is which has been imposed on Libya is most inhuman; and India cannot tolerate such highhandedness of Big Power.

I submit before you that when there is a question of the extradition under international law and law of the land, some procedure has got to be observed for seeking extradition of some accused. persons. It is common knowledge that suppose a country wants the citizen of another country to be extradited, that country has got to submit all the prima facie evidence in support of all the charges against that person and when that evidence is satisfactory and is approved by the other country, only then extradition proceedings can take place.

We know that Shri Salman Rushdie is a person who has become notorious. Suppose, India wants the United Kingdom to extradite him to prosecute him, then the U.K. will not agree without any evidence.

Therefore, I submit with great respect, that the Government of India should revise its policy. I have been very carefully watching that there is a substantial change in the foreign policy of the Government of India and now the Government is slowly succumbing to the pressures of the Western Powers. We raise our voice against this policy and this matter will not be left here. If this is going to be imposed, everybody will come out of this House and we will raise our voice against this high-handedness. Libya is not just one matter. It is a matter of the entire world from the humanitarian point of view.

What is happening in Iraq? The sanctions have been imposed. Children are dying for want of food. They are not getting milk. People are dying for want of medicines. They are not getting medicines. Is this the way the big powers are going to treat the developing countries?

I fully support the points which have been raised by Shri Syed Shahabuddin.

[*Translation*]

SHRI RAM PRASAD SINGH (Bikramganj): Mr. Deputy Speaker, Sir, through you, I would like to raise a very important matter with a sad heart. Today the House is discussing the spread of terrorism in the whole country, but the Government is taking no steps to curb terrorism in time. I want to say that the inaccessible Vindhya and Camoor Mills where the borders of Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh and Bihar meet are becoming terrorist bases. Terrorists from Orissa, Bihar, and West Bengal take refuge there after committing crimes. It was reported in the newspapers in December that criminals of Bara incident took refuge in these hills. Terrorists of U.P. and M.P. take refuge there. So, I want that the Central Government should set up Army Cantonments in these hills and link them with highways so as to curb the terrorist menace and stop hills being used as terrorist hide outs.

[*English*]

SHRIMATI MALINI BHATTACHARAYA (Jadavpur): Sir, while supporting what the hon. Shri Shahabuddin has said, on India's stand on Libya, I would